

LAST EDITION.

"A Day With a  
Calvary Grave-Digger."

An appreciative and picturesque study of a lugubrious occupation, whose soldiers are nevertheless philosophically cheerful. How they work and what they tell about it. Illustrated.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 47. NO. 174.

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FRIDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—JANUARY 31, 1896.—TEN PAGES.

LAST EDITION.

"A Dollar, a Dollar,  
a Nine-O'Clock Scholar."

An exquisite half-page drawing by Russell, showing a forenoon parade of St. Louis youth and freshness—the "morning crush" of High School girls and boys on the "High School Block," on Grand Avenue.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT.  
OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

## NEWS OF THE DAY YOU GET IN THE POST-DISPATCH.

### HAVE LAID DOWN THEIR ARMS.

Local Administration Men Abandon the Fight for Vindication.

### VICTORY WAS HOPELESS.

Their Expectation of Sending Delegates to Sedalia From St. Louis and Kansas City Is Ill-Founded.

According to Mr. Fred W. Lehman, one of the recognized leaders of the Administration faction in Missouri, the gold standard men will make no organised or systematic effort to capture the Missouri delegation to the National Convention, but "will permit things to take their natural course."

Mr. Lehman explained this to a Post-Dispatch reporter as meaning the belief on the part of those who entertain his currency views that in St. Louis and Kansas City, for instance, there must be many gold standard Democrats than free coinage Democrats, and that in the primaries to elect delegates to the Sedalia convention the preponderating sentiment on the currency will express itself by the election of delegations which will contend against the binding of the Chicago delegation to a fight for a 16 to 1 plank in the national platform.

"I want to say at the outset," said Mr. Lehman, "that I am not a gold bug whom I have discussed politics for fully two months. I don't believe that in that time there has been any concerted activity among the gold standard men. Nor am I aware that there will be any in the future. Without having conferred with anybody on the subject recently, I should say our primary task is to vote the sentiments in the primaries which will elect delegates to the Sedalia convention, and I feel pretty certain that by so doing we will see the result we desire." In instructing the convention, instructing the Chicago delegation to contend for a 16-to-1 declaration and a 16-to-1 candidate.

"In both cities naturally there are many more gold-standard Democrats in St. Louis and Kansas City than free coinage Democrats, and, granting that, I don't see how the Sedalia delegation can lose in the primaries in these two cities by fair treatment, and I have no cause to apprehend otherwise."

"Speaking for myself alone, I will say that I have no engagements to deliver speeches here or elsewhere in the State prior to the Sedalia convention, and though duly apprised of the movements of the gold standard free silver element of the State Central Committee in requesting a postponement of the holding of county conventions until after the Sedalia convention, it is time for a free and full discussion of public questions before the people. I do not intend to take the stump."

"The other so-called goldbug Democrats are of my mind and that none of them will stump the State or even the smallest portion of it."

### RUNYON'S SUCCESSOR.

Edwin T. Uhl of Michigan May Be Nominated.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Edwin T. Uhl of Michigan, first Assistant Secretary of State, will probably be the next Ambassador of the United States to Germany. Mr. Uhl was at the White House last evening. Just before he called the President, he had conference with the Ambassador of Detroit, a warm personal friend of Mr. Uhl.

Mr. Dickinson went from the White House to the State Department, where he had conference with Secretary Olney. Mr. Uhl at the time of Secretary Gresham's death was generally considered as his successor as Secretary of State.

The quarrels in the Jackson County Committee have all been settled by sending the gold standard members far to the rear as to the position of Chairman H. R. Julian as Chairman of the Committee. Mr. Julian is one of the staunchest free coinage advocates in the State, and has laid down their arms and will no longer attempt to save Cleveland and Carlton from the severer rebuke of the Chicago delegation.

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The

Bingham Convention, who gave the information:  
American Protective Association, 1,200,000  
National Labor Union, 1,000,000  
of American Institutions, 1,000,000  
Junior Order United American Mechanics, 200,000  
Order of Knights of America, 100,000  
Order of Deputies, 100,000  
Order of Americans, 100,000  
All other patriotic organizations, 200,000

Total, 4,125,000.  
About two millions and a half of this membership are associated with two or more of the organizations, so that the actual voting strength of the allied orders is not far from four millions.

Regarding the personnel of its members, the speaker said: "At the last Bingham meeting it was said that 100 members of Congress, the Governors of four States, the Legislatures of the Legislatures of several states, the mayors of 200 cities and towns and a majority of city and town officials in every Central and Western State were in the meeting, while the A. P. A. and the membership in the State which is \$2,000, is growing at the average rate of fourteen councils a week, to which we are adding, at the lowest estimate, 1,000 members."

### FIFTY DIED OF POISON.

Startling Information Coincident With Hugh Dempsey's Release.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 31.—Hugh Dempsey, the Fourth-District Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, who was indicted for the participation in the poisoning of non-union men at the Homestead steel-works after the great strike of 1892, was released from prison at 10 o'clock this morning. He had been confined there since his trial, which was held before the A. P. A. The membership in the State, which is \$2,000, is growing at the average rate of fourteen councils a week, to which we are adding, at the lowest estimate, 1,000 members.

Following close upon the release of Dempsey comes a startling story printed in the Commercial Appeal that twenty persons have died from the effects of the alleged poisoning at Homestead. The names of the deceased physicians and the dates of the deaths were omitted for the commonwealth at great expense and file before the Board of Pardons for its consideration. The names of the physicians and affidavits of physicians were used by Capt. E. Y. Beck in his argument on behalf of the commonwealth, and the pardon board at the time kept them from the public.

### KILLED WITH A BEER GLASS.

Charles Kern Killed in a Saloon by Rudolph Koenig.

Charles Kern was found dead in his bed at Edward H. Jannet's boarding-house, 1802 North Broadway, at 7 o'clock Friday morning.

The body was removed from the place, after the Fourth District police had been notified, but before they had examined the body. Their report on the case attributed the death to natural causes.

When the body reached the Morgue it was found that Kern had received a scalp wound on the back of the head, and the appearance of the wound also indicated a fracture of the skull. In this wound was attributed the man's death by the attaché of the Coroner.

When this was communicated to the Fourth District police they began an investigation. Shortly after noon their arrival, Dr. George Koenig, owner of Kern's, in Galena Place saloon, at Broadway and Tyler street. He struck Kern on the head about noon with a beer glass because Kern called him a bad name.

The blow was about two inches above the left ear and back of it, and about three inches long and very deep.

Kern went to his room at the boarding-house and died. He was found unconscious. Shortly after 7 o'clock, Jaquet went to call him and found him dead.

Kern was a German, 32 years old, and a laborer.

### SERVING THE KAISER.

Unhappy Fate of a Naturalized American Citizen in Germany.

HAMMOND, Ind., Jan. 31.—William Carl Johann Schwedler, a resident of Cook County, Illinois, is asserted to be a victim of a flagrant violation of the rites of American citizenship by the German empire. He is doing military duty in the Prussian army into which he was drafted last summer, and efforts made thus far to secure his release have been futile. Schwedler left Germany in 1885, coming to this place with his parents. He was not able to secure a position here, so the court took a recess until 1:30 p.m., with Dr. Norbury still on the stand.

For eight hours and fifty-five minutes Dr. Arthur M. Minck, a State expert, was on the witness stand yesterday. For a large part of that time he was under a steady fire of cross-examination from the defense.

With Butch for the defense, it was probably a record-breaker for time-consuming expert testimony. Judge Hirzel rained at the defense, and Dr. Minck, who was called to the stand, was unable to answer his questions.

He declared that from the beginning practical bl-metallism had never been proposed to Congress. He declared that he was a victory for them, as Fort Worth and San Antonio are McKinley strongholds.

Dr. Minck, however, when asked if he had been made an affidavit, said:

"I am not a German, 32 years old, and a laborer.

### MAKING A NEW NAVY.

Capt. Boyton's Suggestion That Each State Contribute a Ship.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Capt. Paul Boyton has offered the following suggestion as to the making of a new navy: "I would like to see the navy built up and strengthened by popular subscription, so to speak. That is to say, each State should be allowed the privilege of contributing a cruiser or a battleship. The several States should obtain their money direct from the people in the way of popular subscriptions from business men, manufacturers, workingmen, school children, everybody. This would foster and develop a spirit of patriotism which would be as great a defense in case of danger as the warships themselves."

### WILLIAM REED ARRESTED.

He Shot Simon Winn Over Four Months Ago.

A colored man named William Reed was arrested Thursday night and lodged in the Third District Station charged with shooting and badly injuring Simon Winn, another colored man, Sept. 15 last. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Winn got well, but this Christmas day was again shot, this time by Officer Powers, who was trying to arrest Winn's brother, who was disturbing the peace. The policeman claimed that Winn was attempting to help his brother escape and shot him through the jaw.

Winn was taken to the hospital and only came out last week. Friday morning he was taken before Judge Stevenson on a charge of resisting arrest, preferred by Powers. The Judge discharged him.

### Murder in Farvo.

Quantity and quality are features of the Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1889. 500 pages, 16,000 facts, 100 topics. Thirty pages devoted to St. Louis. It is an unrivaled and invaluable encyclopedic almanac, with a complete summary of information concerning matters statistical, official, political, historical, educational, agricultural; likewise religious facts and general information for office, home and farm. Price \$1 each.

## JUDGE HIRZEL'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Jury Directions Upon Which Duestrow's Fate Will Hinge.

### INSANITY AS A DEFENSE.

There Will Be No Verdict but Guilty of Murder in the First Degree or an Acquittal.

had just emerged from a trance. His face grew pale and he looked around at your home please," he said. "Judge Hirzel asked him to sit down, and then one more question and then he allowed a recess." Permission was granted.

Then Hirzel adjourned Mr. Brock arose unsteadily and made a feeble effort to stretch his benumbed limbs. "Minck is a wonderful lawyer," he said. "I never thought he had sat that long." Dr. Minck recuperated with the aid of fresh air and supper and then he appeared in Court again. He remained on the stand until 10:30 p.m.

DR. MINCK, of Newbury followed. He answered "none" to both the State's and the defense's hypothetical questions. Mr. Merrill, the attorney for the defense, asked a question of 1,000 words, concluded it with a paragraph from the State's question. It was a most plain, apparently, to show that the defendant was not guilty of the offense charged.

Mr. Merrill then remitted his defense to the jury, which was to consider the question of insanity as a defense.

THE WISCONSIN SENATOR OPPOSES THE SILVER SUBSTITUTA.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Senator Vilas spoke in the Senate today in opposition to the substitute for the House bond bill.

"It will," said Mr. Vilas, "doubtless never be necessary to discuss this bill as it came from the House. But it may be said that it deserved its fate—strangled by silver. It was but the fraudulent pretext of response to the exigency which it professed to meet, and to the reasonable suggestions of the President, which it denied, while it avowed their wisdom. With the exception of provision for emergency certificates—which ought to stand in the permanent bill—nothing in the House bill contained nothing commendable in every respect, but fiscal conditions. And so again, as a year pastime or imbecility, or both, has caused Congress to do what it did, the reverse of business prosperity from its recurring peril has been thrown upon the exchequer. It is almost as fortuitous to suppose that the same cause which has produced us during our financial madness which can now serve the turn; and although in a different form, when considered with reference to existing conditions, an admirable measure of relief, yet it shows God's pity and mercy are not wholly withdrawn from us. We have indeed agreed to private bills, but it is not fit to do so."

"Insanity, which is interposed by the counsel of the defendant as an excuse for his participation in the killing, may be regarded as the most plausible defense, and the jury may find that the defendant was not guilty of the homicide, and that at the time of the killing was incapable of understanding that his act was a violation of the laws of God and of society, they will find no cause to doubt his innocence."

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## WHY FRANK OWEN KILLED HIMSELF.

He Had Been Going the Pace That Kills.

## NOT ENGAGED TO AMY OPEL

She Had Discarded Him Five Months Ago Because of His Wild Habits.

Race horses, poker, absinthe and poetry had more to do with Frank Owen's suicide than his ill luck at love. It served his purpose perhaps to mention the name of a young woman in his ante-mortem statement and thereby throw a glamour over his deed and hide the real circumstances that prompted it.

Owen was said to be a young man of determination and if his ill-starred love affair with the girl he was taking his life he was rather slow about coming to the point. He was, at one time, engaged to Miss Amy Opel, but the engagement only continued for three months. During most of that period the young lady was out of the city, and when she returned home she told her mother and other things that had admitted to her about his mode of life determined her to break off the engagement. And she did. But Mr. Owen had been living with her for five months ago.

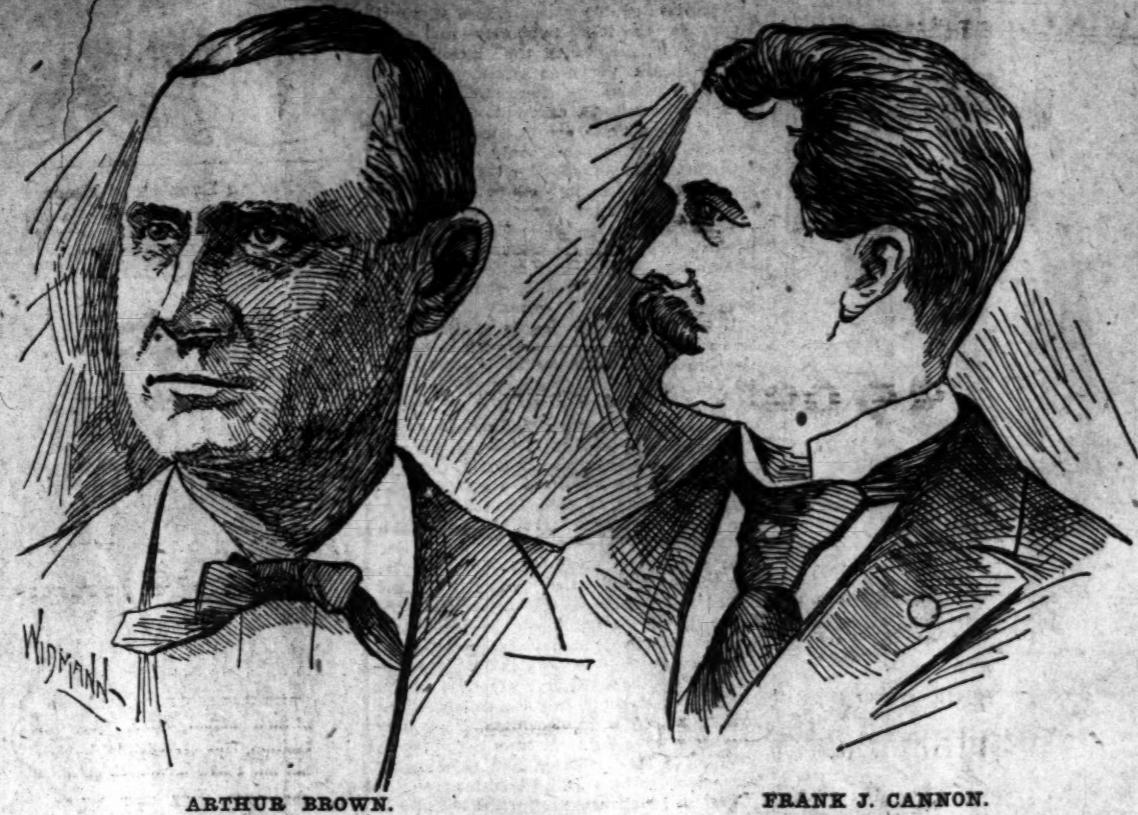
From what can be learned of Owen from his friends about town he has been going to poker games, to the bars and to the familiar figures at the local race tracks. He was known to most of the professional poker players of the town and the bars and restaurants in Jean Town—townspeople have a very distinct recollection of a young man who drank the "green stuff." Bartenders have bad impressions of men who come to their places and later they go wrong in the end. This is the way a well-known drink-mixer put it.

The young man's poetical vagaries were unknown to his associates. He was a well-built, high-strung boy that was one side of his nature, but he kept from his wild associates. The spontaneous and very frank confession he made to his wife found after his death show that he was a student of Swinburne, a poet whose inspiration comes from Paganism and the flesh and other things that he admitted to her about his mode of life determined her to break off the engagement. And she did. But Mr. Owen had been living with her for five months ago.

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## THE NEW SENATORS FROM UTAH.



## FORGAVE HIS DAUGHTER.

Charles Blais of Red Bud Will Take His Wayward Girl Home.

Charles Blais of Red Bud, Ill., and his wife Hilda, who attempted suicide by taking paris green at Cook's Hotel Thursday afternoon, met at the City Hospital Friday morning.

Blais arrived in St. Louis Friday morning and found the station he went direct to the hospital.

Hilda, occupying a cot in Division No. 2, was talking to Dr. W. L. Buttner and a Post-Dispatch reporter when her father came in. Sutter asked her if she wanted to see her father.

Hilda hesitated a moment, then with tears in her eyes said: "I want him to come home."

The young girl was led behind her screen and stood face to face with her erring child.

For a minute the silence was oppressive.

The daughter clung to her father's coat and O'er death's face the child crept close up.

"With this philosophy in his heart he set about committing suicide.

One night he drank heavily at all Tuesdays according to the story he told friends on Wednesday, to whom he was offering excuses for a pronounced whisky appetite.

Wednesday night he sold his poker table to a man who had no money or body when he walked out of the bath room. He was in the depths of despair and self-disgust.

It was a state of mind that he could not get rid of and had nothing to do with anything so refined or romantic as an ill-starred love affair.

Owen's coolness after taking the poison was the supreme indifference of physical exhaustion. If he had a spark of nerve left he would not have committed the "betise" of associating a young woman's name with his downfall.

A Post-Dispatch reporter called at the Owen home on Friday afternoon, and was met at the door by Miss Amy Opel herself. Miss Opel said that now that Owen had been connected with that of O'Farrell, she had better let that she should make a statement.

"I was engaged to Mr. Owen," said Miss Opel, "but it was only for a short time—about six months. I was a poker player, according to his statement to a poker table owner just outside of town, and returned to St. Louis at the same time I was engaged to him. I am sure that a mistake had been made in the engagement. When broken off, after the recent terrible letter from Mr. Owen, but they were sent back to him unopened.

Mr. Owen was a man of great determination and was very persistent in writing to me, even sending me typewritten letters so that I would not recognize from whom they came and open them.

"I am sorry to say that such a thing should have happened, and I am sure I never expected he would do such a thing, but I do believe that the fact that I am the cause of his desperate act."

"It has been over three months since I received any letters from him and I have not seen him since September. Don't you think that if he had killed himself for me he would have done so soon after the engagement was broken?"

"I know his half-brothers and his mother and I feel for them very greatly in their trouble."

"That is about all I care to say, except that I was not interviewed by anyone yesterday morning and never had any news from that paper and what they said was untrue and unwarranted."

"I am sorry to say that nothing odd occurred that he wrote about in that long dreamy letter that was found in the room."

Deputy Coroner Lloyd commented on the inquest over the body of Owen at noon Friday. Dr. E. N. Powers described the position in which he found Owen lying and said that Owen told him that he had taken strichloroform, about one-half ounce, one-eighth of an ounce. On account of the amount of the poison, which seemed insufficient to the physician, he was unable to save the man's life.

Clerk Lew Harper of the Southern Hotel next testified to the circumstances surrounding the suicide, which have already been detailed.

Attorney Fidelio C. Sharpe testified to his long association with the deceased, but taking his own life. Mr. Sharpe is attorney for the family of the deceased, some of whom are members of which were present at the inquest.

Thomas Harding, the bell-boy who waited on Owen, told of attending him to his room. Mr. Lloyd returned a verdict of suicide.

The Nation's Cash.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The forthcoming budget of the State of Government receipts and expenditures for the year will show the aggregate receipts to be approximately \$22,000,000 and the expenditures \$20,000,000. The revenue for the first month, about \$4,450,000 and for the seven months of the present fiscal year about \$16,000,000. The decrease from customs during the present month is about \$1,000,000 from internal revenue \$1,044,401 and from miscellaneous sources about \$1,000,000. The decrease of about \$1,000,000 in the receipts from customs compared with January, 1898, and an increase of about \$3,000,000 in the receipts from internal revenue.

On January 1st, the first month, there is an increase of over \$4,000,000 in the receipts from customs and a decrease of nearly \$1,750,000 in the receipts from internal revenue. The decrease for the month is this month amount to about \$9,950,000, a decrease from last month of about \$1,880,000.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 31.—It is raining in Eastern Nebraska and the weather is the worst in the history of the State. Moisture is falling in all the counties in some form. Grain men are much encouraged and declare that prospects for winter wheat were never better in Nebraska. The acreage is unusually large

## CIGAR DEALERS AT WAR.

Sigmund Meyerfeld Files Suit Against Judge & Dolph.

Sigmund Meyerfeld filed a suit against Charles R. Judge and Clifford M. Dolph for \$10,000 damages. Meyerfeld runs the cigar department of the Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., at Sixth and Washington avenue. Judge & Dolph run drug stores at Seventh and Locust and Fourth and Market streets.

Both parties claim that the other party is a student of Swinburne, a poet whose inspiration comes from Paganism and the flesh and other things that he admitted to her about his mode of life determined her to break off the engagement. And she did. But Mr. Owen had been living with her for five months ago.

From what can be learned of Owen from his friends about town he has been going to poker games, to the bars and to the familiar figures at the local race tracks. He was known to most of the professional poker players of the town and the bars and restaurants in Jean Town—townspeople have a very distinct recollection of a young man who drank the "green stuff." Bartenders have bad impressions of men who come to their places and later they go wrong in the end. This is the way a well-known drink-mixer put it.

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## A SENSATIONAL SUIT.

Postmaster Appel of Summerfield Called a Robber and a Thief.

John H. Appel, Postmaster at Summerfield, filed a suit for slander in the Circuit Court Thursday against Adam Schmahl, defendant is accused, among other things, of saying that the Postmaster is a thief and a robber and that his only motive in seeking the office was to get a chance to rob the post office.

Mr. Appel wants \$5,000 damages.

Plainwell's attorney, Hon. Louis Zorwick, lives at Lebanon. He merely filed a praecipe.

The first Democratic Postmaster at Summerfield in many years and political feeling is supposed to have prompted Schmahl's remarks. The latter is a member of the old association of 1888.

No attempt has been made to incorporate Webster Groves, but the movement always seemed premature. There has been considerable sentiment against it on account of the increased taxes and the difficulty of getting a high vote.

Last night the association of 1888 surrendered its powers to the new organization.

It was decided to call a meeting of the officers of the new association the same day as the old association of 1888.

The principal committee appointed by the citizens at the temporary organization to devise and formulate plans for securing incorporation of Webster Groves, was recently adopted. It provided for the appointment of a committee of nine to direct the movement of all favorable to the proposed incorporation in Allen's Hall Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The following names were presented and elected by acclamation without opposition:

Charles A. Baker, John Prehn, J. P. Gruest, R. G. Hogan, J. W. Bellairs, N. D. Thompson, W. F. Feuer and C. M. Skinner.

It was then decided to call a meeting of all favorable to the proposed incorporation in Allen's Hall Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

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**St. Louis Post-Dispatch.**

PUBLISHED BY  
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.  
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

CHARLES H. JONES,  
Editor and Manager.  
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Sunday—Per Month... 20 Cents

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Daily and Sunday, by carrier, in towns outside of St. Louis, 15 cents a week, 60 cents a month. Week day only means a week.

By mail—no checks, order, draft, or registered letter. Don't send checks on your local bank.

The price of the Post-Dispatch on all railroad trains and at all railroad stations outside of St. Louis will be 6 Cents. Send to Post-Office, 518 Olive Street. Any one who is charged a higher rate than this will please report same to us, giving name of road or station and number of train.

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

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The Bookery, Chicago.

Entitled to the  
Fullest Confidence.

From a letter to Chas. H. Jones, Editor  
and Manager.

It is the opinion of your Committee, after as careful and thorough an examination as has ever been given to any newspaper, that the Post-Dispatch is entitled to the fullest confidence of the community, and so far as we can learn, no misstatement or overstatements have been made in regard to circulation or advertising patronage, and that the entire manner in which the business end of the paper is conducted is highly creditable to yourself and your associates.

**LON V. STEPHENS,**  
State Treasurer of Missouri.

**ISAAC H. STURGEON,**  
Comptroller of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

**R. M. SCRUGGS,**  
Pres't Scruggs, Vandever & Barney  
Dry Goods Co.

**B. HILLMAN,**  
Siegel, Hillman & Co.

**ALFRED E. ROSE,**  
Pres't of the H.-O. Co.,  
Advertising Manager Scott & Bowes.

## AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OPERA—George Edwards' Comic Opera Co.,  
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Mr. James O'Neill,  
HAVLINS'—The White Rat.

STANDARD—City Sports Big Show.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

OPERA—His Excellency."

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Mr. James O'Neill.

STANDARD—City Sports Big Show.

ST. LOUIS AND OKLAHOMA.

The presence of the Oklahoma delegation is a reminder that the business men of St. Louis have too long neglected a trade territory of great promise. Several years ago the question of obtaining better railroad connections with Oklahoma was vigorously agitated by the Post-Dispatch and was taken up with apparent earnestness by both St. Louis and Oklahoma business men, but it was allowed to drop without the accomplishment of the desired object.

Again the Oklahomans are appealing for railroad facilities. They like St. Louis and want to trade with St. Louis, but the railroad connections are lacking and they are compelled to do most of their trading elsewhere.

The figures presented by President Jones of the Oklahoma Commercial Club show remarkable growth. The population of the Territory is now 300,000. The Oklahoma people produced last year 9,000,000 bushels of wheat, 6,000,000 bushels of corn, 3,000,000 bushels of oats and 125,000 bales of cotton. The Territory is an excellent fruit-growing country. At its present rate of growth, in a few years the 16,000,000 acres in the Territory will be filled with prosperous citizens.

The building of a short line of railroad from Sepulpa to Oklahoma City will put St. Louis in direct connection with the chief city of Oklahoma by way of the Frisco Railroad. Government consent is required for the right of way through the Cherokee Nation. But this can be secured by a vigorous campaign in Washington. The road can be built and fair rates obtained. Improved railroad facilities can be secured in other directions.

If St. Louis business men will take hold of this matter with their accustomed vigor another fine field may be added to the trade territory of St. Louis.

## SHIPPIING GRAIN SOUTH.

How thoroughly the railroads have the grain traffic under their control and how little the Mississippi is considered as a competitor in shipping grain to Europe or South America is shown by the developments of last year's trade. Of the grain crop of 1883 there were shipped to New Orleans and Galveston many millions of bushels from the States West of the Mississippi. The irony of this statement consists in the fact that instead of being sent South by the cheap and natural waterway of the great river, the bulk of this grain—12,000,000 bushels to New Orleans alone—went by way of the Illinois Central and Gould systems of railroad.

Chicago is complaining that this diversion of the grain trade is likely to do her harm, and that the railroads are discriminating against her in giving better rates to grain shipped by the southern route. This may be true. But the fact that

Western people are far more interested in is that the great Mississippi River plays no part in this grain-shipping traffic. Through the peevish and temporizing policy of the Government in making appropriations for its improvement, Western producers are not likely for many years to come to be able to avail themselves of this natural outlet for their products.

While Capt. Gould's position is well taken, that the Government should not be obstructed by private persons stepping in and urging that so vast a work be given into their hands in whole or in part, it is not out of place to endeavor in every legitimate way to hasten the work that the Government is doing and to continue to call attention to the fact that the producers of the West are annually losing many thousands of dollars for want of this natural highway for the shipment of their products.

## THE TRUTH AT LAST.

It is a little less than a year since the Post-Dispatch declared that the political machinery of the Democratic party in Missouri was under the control of men who represented but a small minority of the Democrats of the State. It declared that this minority was a faction in numbers and holding views which the great majority of the party repudiated and spurned. It declared that this minority faction derived its whole influence from its control of the party machinery, and that this control could not be maintained if the rank and file of the party would assert their rights.

This declaration on the part of the Post-Dispatch evoked a storm of denunciation and personal abuse. It was passionately asserted that the State Committee as then constituted was accurately representative of the dominant element of the party, and was carrying out the party's wishes in refusing to call a State Convention. When this was overwhelmingly disproved, the champions of the minority faction declared that the people were temporarily misled, and that a "campaign of education" would be at once inaugurated that would lift them out of their folly. They professed to want time for this campaign of education, which would be vigorously entered upon if time were given.

After the State Convention had been held and repudiated their leadership, it was given out authoritatively that during the winter and spring Missouri would be the theater of a battle royal for the control of the delegation to the National Convention. Less than a month ago the gold standard men were giving out interviews in the East, telling how confident they felt of "capturing" the Missouri delegation to Chicago. They had accepted the instructions of the People's Spring Convention only to show how easily they could win in spite of it.

Of course well-informed persons smiled at this buncombe, precisely as they had smiled all along at the antics of the minority faction. And now the bubble which had been industriously blown and expanded for so many months has burst and vanished into thin air. In an interview in yesterday's Post-Dispatch Mr. George R. Lockwood, Secretary of the Democratic Sound Currency Club, threw up his hands and applied for admission into the agency. He said: "Events of the past few months have demonstrated indisputably that the free coinage of silver is overwhelmingly in the majority in the Missouri Democracy."

We are willing to concede that the delegation to Chicago will not be made up nearly entirely of free coinage men, but also that it will be instructed by the Sedala Convention to vote and work for a 16 to 1 declaration in the national platform. The pitiful pitchfork is sharp, but erring statesmen should keep in mind that the devil's is still more penetrating.

Reprisals and retaliation would soon check Butcher Weyler in Cuba. Very likely there will be both.

The Foraker uncertainty and the Southern uncertainty may well give Mr. McKinley woe.

No boom will grow in Missouri for any man whose position on bimetallism is not clearly shown.

Weyler's evil name is depopulating Havana. It is too late in the century for butchers.

Tillman's speech has at least one merit. There is no senatorial sugar in it.

A permanent convention hall means a permanent convention city.

Yvette Is Tickled.

From the Chicago Tribune.

It is interesting to learn from Mlle. Yvette Guibert's own confession that the most amusing thing she has heard in America is the name Kankakee. She says she laughed an hour when it was first mentioned in her hearing. It almost consoled her for failing to see "ke peeps" at the Stock Yards.

Duty of Criticism.

From the New York Advertiser.

There can be no more dangerous or un-American doctrine than the theory that our national legislators are above criticism. Senators of the United States, as well as the humblest members of State Legislatures, are the servants of the people. As such their official acts demand the most vigilant scrutiny.

Their Golden Opportunity.

From the Washington Post.

Now is the time for the Republican Presidential candidates to define their positions on the financial question. Mr. Foraker is the only one who has dared to come out into the open.

Away With the Lobbyist.

From the St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette.

If free representative government is to endure in this country, the lobbyist and his creatures must go.

Reformer Quay.

From the Washington Post.

For a man who claims to be exclusively engaged in the work of reforming Philadelphia Mr. Quay is picking up quite a number of St. Louis delegates.

And Every Year.

From the Peoria Herald.

St. Louis appears to be in fit this year. She captured the Republican and Populist conventions and now the silver men have selected that city as the place of holding their convention.

Saying What People Think.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

There can be no reasonable doubt that Senator Tillman said many things yesterday that have been in the minds of thousands of people, though not on their lips. Now that he has said them, what is anybody going to do about it?

The Railroad in Politics.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.

With the B. & O. road thoroughly organized against him there is very little left in Maryland for Senator Gorman.

A Careless Lawyer.

From the Washington Post.

A Salem, Mass., dispatch tells of a lawyer who stole half of an estate, but neglects to state how he came to overlook the other half.

The temperance ladies of Kentucky are aghast at the idea of breaking a bottle of whisky on the battlefield which has been named for their State, and they move that the new man-of-war shall be christened with pure Kentucky water from the spring at Ashland, where the immortal Clay quenched his thirst. This sentiment, together with the opinion of other ladies that a bottle of good

whisky should never be spilled into the ocean, may bring about a change in the christening programme.

The report of the bankruptcy of Kentucky appears to have little basis. The late Treasurer, Mr. Hale, says the State is financially in a reasonably good condition, considering the reduced rate of taxation and the extraordinary drains on the Treasury for the past few years, incurred mainly by the revision of the organic and statutory laws since 1881.

The three Congressmen from St. Louis and the twelve from other parts of Missouri should join in an effort to get this city a bridge that shall not be held by any monopoly. No better Congressional work than this could be done and none that would be more gratefully recognized by the people of the Western metropolis.

The favorite newspaper in the homes of St. Louis, the Post-Dispatch, has a hold which no other newspaper has acquired, and the growth of its patronage is naturally steady and substantial. Thorough investigation has made clear the truth of every assertion in regard to the extent and quality of its great circulation.

In the primary elections in the District of Columbia nearly all the 40,000 votes are cast by colored men, though there are only 18,000 colored men in the District who go to the polls. The voting capacity of the negro is developing rapidly.

The career of the Browns for some years has not given much hope for the future, but Diddlebock may prove a mace. With the conventions coming to St. Louis in 1884, why should not the general come too?

A great many more statesmen than Tillman are fully aware that both the great parties have been controlled by the money power against the interests of the people.

It may have been fate that delayed Longstreet at Gettysburg and ruined the Confederacy. Nevertheless, Gen. Battle's statements are read with interest.

If ever another Democrat is elected President it is quite certain, he will be one who will not trust a Republican policy upon the country.

As there is already a skeleton in every house, the new process by which everybody's skeleton is made visible is somewhat superfluous.

With so many candidates for Governor on his hands Uncle Filley may have to adopt the methods of the old woman who lived in her shoe.

David B. Hill stands so little chance of ever being President that his leading in the Senate for Wall street cannot injure him.

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## WALTER PARMER LEASES WINDSOR.

Will Not Conflict With Campau's  
Track at Detroit.

## THE NASHVILLE MEETING.

Palmer Outpointed Dixon Last Night,  
but Referee Maxey Moore De-  
clared the Bout a Draw.

W. O. Farmer of Nashville, Tenn., was in St. Louis Thursday on his way home from Detroit. Until recently Mr. Farmer was the Secretary of the Cumberland Park Jockey Club at Nashville, but he is now giving all his spare time in the race track line to the Windsor course across the river from Detroit.

"I have secured a lease on that track," said Mr. Farmer, "and will give about nine weeks of racing there the coming summer. The programme will include a number of stakes races, but the meeting will not conflict with Mr. Campau's driving park season of running racing. I managed Mr. Campau's meetings last season and made good for him. I will have no connection with a track other than the Windsor will run three or four weeks before the Campau meeting and five or six weeks afterwards."

"Detroit is one of the best betting towns in the country," said Mr. Farmer, "and sixteen books on last summer and frequently as many as twenty were in line. At my last meeting, George Washington's Cumberland Park Club is preparing for a nine days' meeting this spring and the prospects are good for a profitable season of racing." The meeting will be held earlier than it was this time last year. The best stake offered is the Cumberland Prize at one and one-quarter miles. Forget it, however, for the record of the greatest to win it, providing she proves to be as great a 3-year-old as her 2-year-old form would indicate."

Mr. Farmer was at the Fair Grounds Thursday selecting stable for the Belle Meade, Douglas, White, Sharpe, Warner and other Tennessee breed yearlings, which will be sold here the coming spring.

## Track Results.

AT SPORTSMAN'S PARK.—La Grippa, Congo Dick, Dutch Oven, Doncaster and Skunk.

AT NEW ORLEANS.—Halbert, Francis Hennessy, Squire G., G. B. Cox and Ban Johnson.

AT SAN FRANCISCO.—Belle of Stone-wall, San Lake, Hidalgo, Howard, All Over and Ida Sauer.

## Track Talk.

Weights for the Suburban are due next Saturday.

Elsinore, by Jersey Wilkes, brought only \$450 at the Berry sale in Chicago.

W. C. Whitney, W. A. Chanler and E. D. Morgan are among the new-comers on the turf.

Jerry Chorn declined a retainer of \$5,000 to ride for Wm. Wallace next season.

"Doc" Turville may ride for Dave Geddon on the coming season.

It is suffering from congestion of the lungs, which may turn into pneumonia.

Bright Phœbus is one of the best mud-larks on the American turf.

Bright Phœbus defeated Cresendo in the Nasco handicap at Frisco. The 3-year-old was carrying 18 pounds.

Duke and Wards' string of ten race horses are reported as doing well in England.

Old Rubin to 1 took a notion to run Wednesday, and nothing at "Foster's" junction could catch him.

Dr. Rice will be brought down from St. Paul next week. He is said to have started well.

Dixie seems to be the most consistent performer at New Orleans. He pulled down another purse Wednesday.

J. W. Rogers has two colts which he says are the best he ever trained. One is by Hindoo, for whom he paid a sum of \$12,000 last fall. Copper Leon, Pandy Purtell and Joe Walcott were among the winners of preliminary bouts last night.

**PALMER-DIXON BOUT.**

New York Sports Think the Englishman Had the Best of It.

"Pedlar" Tom Palmer, the clever English bantam, rightly outpointed George Dixon, the world's feather-weight champion, in their six-round bout at Madison Square Garden, New York, last night. The referee, Maxey Moore, declared the bout a draw, but it was evident that he was the hardest hit of the two. Dixon, the millionaire, who must have been a good deal in the back of his office Wednesday night.

Prosper has made a full confession. He was two weeks ago Godwin's right-hand man. The killing of Mr. Dwyer is a big row. Prosper thought it a joke, but Wednesday he found Godwin and the Rutherford's house. Dwyer told them and they spoke to him of the roll. The fourth man was the officer until Mr. Dwyer returned from the Post office.

Prosper's confession continues:

"He opened his safe and then went to the back door, and as he returned toward the office, Mr. Rutherford knocked him down. He was then hit in the head and the Rutherford's house. Dwyer told them and they spoke to him of the roll. The fourth man was the officer until Mr. Dwyer returned from the Post office.

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Two checks for \$100 and \$25 each were received at the Post-Dispatch office to-day to add to the fund for the relief of the families of the men who lost their lives in the Alton building disaster. The \$25 check was from Dr. Hirschberg & Bro., insurance agents. Merchants' Exchange building, and was the first contribution that has come from an insurance company, either directly or collectively.

The \$100 check was sent from Dr. William M. Graves, 435 North Eleventh street. The receipt of this money swells the total to \$2,661.82. A letter from Dr. Hirschberg & Bro. was enclosed in this check.

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To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR MR. EDITOR.—Take pleasure in inclosing a check for \$100 to the Mechanics' Bank for Mr. Kindy add this to the fund for the relief of the families of the brave men who met their death in the collapse of the Alton building. The check is for \$100.

F. D. HIRSCHBERG & BRO.

The check from Dr. Graves was enclosed in this letter:

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—Edward McFarlane, a well-known mining engineer of Colorado and the founder of the town of Telluride, has returned from a remarkable tour through the gold regions of Northern South America occupying two years.

Mr. McFarlane passed through grave dangers and he left the remains of his friend and partner, Col. E. M. Pearce, in a lonely part of a river in Northern Brazil.

To receive the check from Dr. Graves was enclosed in this letter:

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—The Executive Committee of W. C. T. U. at their meeting here, drafted a protest against the use of whisky in any religious function.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 31.—The Executive Committee of W. C. T. U. at their

meeting here, drafted a protest against the use of whisky in any religious function.

Members of the W. C. T. U. Oppose the Use of Whisky.

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## OLD JACK FROST WILL BE WELCOME.

Local Ice Men Have Not Yet  
Harvested a Crop.

### TEN DAYS OF COLD NEEDED.

Unless February Brings Freezing  
Weather the Price of Ice Will  
Reach the Top Notch.

Jack Frost's persistent absence from this vicinity this winter has started the scenes of thinking about where their supply of commercial "cooth" is coming from next summer. There has not been a pound of ice cut this season with 30 miles of St. Louis and unless there comes a right smart cold snap the entire stock for local dealers will have to be shipped from the Northern rivers and lakes.

Hopes have by no means been abandoned as yet. There is plenty of time left for enough cold weather to turn the trick so that the big companies are not worrying themselves. They are buying their own oars awaiting the coming of the cold. Two days or two weeks of real cold weather would be sufficient for them to fill their immense repositories. The Mississippi is an excellent river, an inch or two of a number of men to cut at the same time and one of the main sources of supply.

Almost all last year's ice crop was harvested in February. The winter was much the same up to the corresponding date as this has been. Then there came a cold spell and the ice splinters flew like arrows. Mr. Kelso was said to be worth at one time over \$100,000. He was a partner of Samuel A. Gaylord, a senior member of the firm of Gaylord & Blessing.

Mr. Gaylord feels deeply the death of his son, "Keno," said he, "Keno was in business with me at one time, but I hardly think he was worth \$100,000. Maybe he was, though, for we

"When he came to St. Louis, about 1888, Kelso was clerk on the steamboat Grand Turk, Capt. Robards, master. He came to St. Louis, buying, he said, to know what year he came to St. Louis."

In 1881 Kelso went into the banking and brokerage business at 307 Olive street, and in 1883 he was elected to the Board of Directors, and as such he is practically the dictator of the Merchants' League Club.

At the last meeting of the club, which occurred on Wednesday evening of this week, every applicant for membership who was in the least degree tainted with the suspicion of being a member of the Board of Directors was turned down by the Board of Directors, or if he ran that gauntlet was blackballed when his name was proposed to the club.

"Concerning the result, I believe he had a brother living somewhere in St. Louis and a nice marriage to Gen. Barnes," said Mr. Gaylord.

The company has to stand the freight charges on the ice he uses, but on his share also of that which neither he nor anyone else uses. There is more water than ice in the market, so that any other commodity, and of course it also holds true that the further the haul the greater is the loss. Where ice is shipped from Northern Iowa to St. Louis, it cost more than 60 per cent reaches here. The shipper has to pay the freight on it just the same, and the only way he can square himself is by pocketbook is to boost the price accordingly.

Ice last season, to the wholesaler to retail, cost \$2.50 a ton. It certainly will be no less during the coming summer and without cold weather it will surely be higher. What it will be cannot be exactly predicted. It may depend entirely on how close freezing temperature hugs this vicinity. The further it stays away the lighter will be the cost, it may range from \$2.50 to \$4.00. It certainly will not go above the latter figure, for ice can be bought from the lower end of Minnesota, where it is always cold, and sold at this rate.

The only consolation the consumer can get out of the present is that even if the wholesale down the rate of 50 per cent competition will prevent the latter from doubling on his customers. Fortunately there is no doubt that the wholesale rates are 100 per cent the retailer will not go over 50 for the cost of the freight charges and waste, but that cannot be helped.

The very poor will be the ones to suffer most, as is always the rule in case ice goes up. The man with the scanty income will be the first to feel the pinch. His sickness in his family during the hot months, when ice is an absolute necessity, will undergo a severe strain. He will be least able to bear the extra expense and will have no way of getting it back except the hotel man, the saloon-keeper and others who evidently sell this commodity.

For the time being, a few days of real cold weather would be boon, even at the cost of increased coal bills.

### MIXING THE WHITEWASH.

The Heckel Committee Wrangling Over the City Hall Report.

Chairman Hackel and his whitewashing committee are expected to make their report Friday evening, but it is doubtful if they will do so. They held a long meeting Thursday afternoon and it is understood that the entire session was occupied in wrangling.

The members have found it impossible to agree upon the report thus far. Lloyd is inclined to the belief that censure should be dealt out liberally, while Mr. Clarke is inclined to whitewash the whole City Hall job.

The Secretary Foster of the Board of Public Improvements was sent for to verify certain figures in connection with the contracts, and it is believed from this that the report will be delayed until it will be exhausted by the committee before the report of the Heckel committee is given.

It is said, however, that he will hold out as long as possible in order to protect any of his friends who are implicated.

### ADDRESSED THE EXCHANGE.

The Oklahoma Delegation Introduced on "Change at Noon To-Day."

At the close of business on the Merchants' Exchange Friday, Vice-President Amadeo B. Cole introduced the Oklahoma City Commercial Club.

President G. J. Jones of the club addressed the members of the Exchange at length. He said that the body he represented wanted to understand that there were no dependents of any kind connected with the members of the delegation from Oklahoma; that it is the coming State of the Union and Oklahoma City, the future metropolis of the West, will be a great center of commerce.

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## EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.**  
ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.  
Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

ACCOUNTANT—Wanted, set of books to keep by expert accountant; references, No. 3; salary moderate. Address P 966, this office.

BOY—Wanted, situation by a boy of 16 in a grocery store. 2615 Dalton av.

BOY—Boy would like place in grocery. Aug. Sicksick, 1232 Montgomery st.

BOY—Situation by boy of 16, who has had experience in sign painting and drawing. W. H. Fagan, 1906 N. 18th st.

BOY—Wanted, situation by boy of 15 in wholesale place. Address E 960, this office.

BOY—Wanted, situation by boy of 17 in wholesale house. Address S 960, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Book-keeping for any business done at cost. Cheapest rate. J. Totman, 2606 Oregon st.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, position as bookkeeper and stenographer, willing to work for moderate salary. Add. L 988, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, engagement with wholesale or manufacturing concern as assistant book-keeper; references, good. Address P 965, this office.

CHEMIST—Situation wanted, working in a retail store by a young man of 21; ref. Address C 965, this office.

CARPENTER—Situation by married man as carpenter and all-around man in wholesale house; refs. C. D. 965, this office.

COLLECTOR—Position by young man of 21 in wholesale house, or as collector; can give first-class refs. Add. M 960, this office.

COLLECTOR—Wanted, position by young man well acquainted in city as collector; steady; bond; good refs. Add. N 960, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation as coachman or general servant; refs. A 971, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by a young colored man as coachman, houseman or any kind of work; best of city reference. Address E 967, this office.

COACHMAN—Young white man wants situation as coachman, understands business; thoroughly acquainted in city. Address N 966, this office.

DRIVER—A young man of 19 wishes a situation to drive a wagon. Add. T 989, this office.

ELECTRICIAN—An electrician would like work; no objection to leaving the city. Add. S 966, this office.

FIREMAN—Wanted, situation as fireman; 12 years experience. Address L. Boger, 715 Caroline st., Belleville, Ill.

GARDENER—Sit by experienced gardener and florist in private place; refs. Add. C 976, this office.

MAN AND WOMAN—Situation by colored man and wife to cook or housework, dining-room or yard man. Add. D 966, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by a honest colored man, 25 years old; general work of any kind. Address 705 N. 19th st.; good references.

MAN—Young man, 10 years' experience in the electrical business, would like work. Add. R 966, this office.

MAN—Young married man wants work of any kind; can handle carpenter tools also. Add. 2337 S. 9th st.

MAN—Wanted, position by an intelligent young man of 18 in office; best of references. Address F 964, this office.

MAN—Wanted, position by man used to office work; speaks English, German, French; will work at anything. Address M 966, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by competent white man in suburbs to attend garden, cows and himself generally useful. Address T. J. Redmond, Maplewood Post-office.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, situation by stenographer; references, good. Address N 969, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Stenographer and assistant book-keeper; desires position; 5 years' experience; reference from present employers. Add. B 988, this office.

SITUATION—Able-bodied single man, 26, good habits, fair education, speaks German and Danish, desires to find a kind of work; have references. Add. T 988, this office.

**HELP WANTED—MALE.**

BOY WANTED—Colored boy for housework. 3335 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Youth to learn good trade; come with parent only. Foster, 304 N. 9th st.

BARBER WANTED—Barber for Saturday and Sunday at 118 N. 9th st.

BARBER WANTED—For Saturday and Sunday. 817 N. 8th st.

BROOM-MAKER—Wanted—Good whisk broom; straight, stiff, strong. Wm. S. McDonald, cor. Market and Commercial sts.

BARRIER WANTED—Saturday. Call at 4448 New Manchester st.

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CUTTERS WANTED—First-class cutters and trimmers cutters at Kelley-Godfellow Shoe Co., 1308 N. 16th st.

CARPENTERS CAN FIND ANY TOOL they want and find it at lowest prices at Hynson Hardware Co., 204 N. 9th st., east side, between Olive and Pine; open every day till 10 o'clock, Saturday night 11:30; come and see us.

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M. W. CATON, President.

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SHOEMAKER WANTED—On repairing; with tools. 2707 Franklin av.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—Finders; leather, on McKay and Welt Welt. Deems Shoe Co.

SALEMAN WANTED—A special salesmen who will sell to small trade at St. Louis, to represent a Chicago manufacturing in grocery stores; exceptional opportunities for one who can show good results. Call bet. 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. 808 Fagan Building.

SHOEMAKER'S MACHINE—Wanted, a shoemaker's patching machine; second-hand. Apply at 1027 Market st.

SALES MEN WANTED—Salesmen to sell cigars to dealers; \$10 monthly and expenses; experience mandatory; reply with stamp. Superior Cigar Co., Chicago.

TRAMS WANTED—Two teams on the first at 10th and Montgomery st. M. Kennedy.

UP—Pants to order. Morris Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st. cor. Olive, 2d floor.

\$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Morris Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.**

COOK—Situations to do short-order cooking in restaurant or to do chamber work. Please call at 1425 Washington av.

HOUSEWIFE—Situations to do general housework in small family. 2618 Sheridan st.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, sit. by a good, neat girl as housegirl in a good family. Call 818 N. 18th st.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, a position as housekeeper for widower. Call at 7125 S. Broadway, St. Louis.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, situation by a good girl to do housework and take care of children. Add. 202 N. 18th st.

HOUSEWIFE—Position by a young widow as housekeeper in home of widower with children; references. 1137 Chambers st.

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ONE LINE (double column), fourteen words, 10 cents; 3 cents for each addition of seven words.

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**REED WINS.**

**The Maine Man Gets the Delegates at-Large From Louisiana.**

**NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 30.—**The Republican State Convention has adjourned sine die. The following were elected delegates for the State-at-Large to the St. Louis Convention: Wm. Pitt Kellogg, A. H. Leonard, Henry Demas, J. M. and V. V. Vining.

There has finally been the combination formed against him early in the day by Hero, Warmouth, Guichard and others, and he again gave up his chairmanship of the State Central Committee. In order to clinch the chairmanhip of the State Central Committee he had himself named for the place. At the full convention, the Committee on Resolutions and Platforms reported the following:

Whereas, The defeat of the suffrage amendment and the second free and honest election in the State is of paramount importance to the Republican party; and

Whereas, The convention of the People's party and the second free and honest election in the State is of paramount importance to the Republican party; and

Whereas, Both conventions have declared in favor of protection of American industries and American labor;

Therefore, the convention representing the Republican party of the State, with its 100,000 votes, that it does hereby indorse the suffrage ticket nominated by the People's party in Alexandria on the 2d of this month and by the National Republicans on the 27th of this month.

Mr. Coleman offered a resolution endorsing Reed before it was voted for delegates was announced, but objection was made, it was lost in the confusion.

The following alternates were elected:

W. H. Parsons, S. A. Wardell, J. J. Sullivan and Josephine.

The statement is made that Vance, who was a pronounced McKinley man until he accepted the convention, has been taken to the asylum at Terrell.

Arkansas has been awarded a gold medal for the best display of natural resources and agricultural products at the Atlanta exposition.

Small-box within six miles of Marcellus has set the Marcellus Board of Health to work.

Newport is likely to have ice factories.

Twenty-five ladies, all more than 70 years of age, attended a violet luncheon given by a Springfield lady of 70.

John C. Bates, a boy of 16, from the same town, has decided that a school teacher has control over a child from the time it leaves the parents of the child to the time it reaches the teacher, to the same end, and this includes the time to end from school.

**ILLINOIS.**

Chatham will build a city hall in her park.

Twenty-five ladies, all more than 70 years of age, attended a violet luncheon given by a Springfield lady of 70.

John C. Bates, a boy of 16, from the same town, has decided that a school teacher has control over a child from the time it leaves the parents of the child to the time it reaches the teacher, to the same end, and this includes the time to end from school.

There have been twenty additions to the Astoria M. E. Church.

**ARKANSAS.**

It is difficult to find a candidate who is not anxious to declare that he has always been in favor of independent free coinage. Judge N. M. Rose of Little Rock has accepted the nomination for the People's party address before the Virginia Bar Association, which meets at Old Point Comfort, Va., July 15.

The Little Rock police hall resulted.

Arkansas has been awarded a gold medal for the best display of natural resources and agricultural products at the Atlanta exposition.

Small-box within six miles of Marcellus has set the Marcellus Board of Health to work.

Newport is likely to have ice factories.

**TEXAS.**

Boston is ordering lumber from Orange, Evangelist. He still preaches to large at First Baptist.

P. F. McCormick of Kaufman, adjudicated three times, has been taken to the asylum at Terrell.

Arkansas has been awarded a gold medal for the best display of natural resources and agricultural products at the Atlanta exposition.

Small-box within six miles of Marcellus has set the Marcellus Board of Health to work.

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**WHEAT.**

A important local traders to go to this side was not surprising, and the market was very nervous and unsettled, jumping around spasmodically in price and showing no decided tendency either way.

Foreign orders were light and pit traders were divided in opinion, but it was noted that most of the selling was to little wheat.

Foreign advice continued to come strong, the reporting firm maintaining that the market was generally in a state of little wheat.

Small-box within six miles of Marcellus has set the Marcellus Board of Health to work.

Newport is likely to have ice factories.

**CORN.**

After a quiet start, the market was

quiet and steady.

Small-box within six miles of Marcellus has set the Marcellus Board of Health to work.

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**DAIRY.**

After a quiet start, the market was

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**POUNDS.**

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**LARD.**

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## PHOTOGRAPHING YOUR BONES

Wonders of the Cathode Process Discovered by Prof. Roentgen.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A cablegram from London, published here to-day, says of the new photography:

Some authorities assert that the new power is electricity. Others believe that Roentgen has discovered a new form of energy which produces a new kind of energy, and not a transverse vibration. Whether this energy merely excites the fluorescence, which causes the formation of the image, or whether it acts directly upon the photographic film, is an open question.

Swinton, who leads here in experiments, uses a very complex apparatus, consisting of a vacuum tube, an oil bath, and a secondary coil from this is connected with the tube. He uses an extremely sensitive plate in a wooden slide, so to keep the light still more easily than he can do with a bone between it and the shutter-up slide. He puts the slide on the table with the film of the plate uppermost. He then suspends a Crookes tube above it, and, between the two, he rests the object to be photographed. The current is then switched on, and the exposure of four to twenty minutes is given.

In one experiment made for the Royal Photographic Society a sensitive plate was put in a cardboard box. A woman put her hand on the plate. A cover was put over the box and then a porcelain bowl was put over all the time. Next the whole arrangement was put in a child's box, and a Crookes tube was held three inches above the bag. After due exposure the hand of the woman was seen in the dark, and the delicate bones perfectly articulated, each in a faint haze that indicated its shape. The flesh of all joints was as clear as if one were looking at them through his right hand wide and loose on the bone of the middle finger. The picture gave her no nail, and now it appears that finger nail is missing.

Gifford of Somersetshire, who has taken the best photographs yet in England, shows one with whitish patches at the ends of fingers, and says that these are not the nails, but are due to dampness on the fingers where they touched the plate.

Gifford photographs some man's foot, and found the toes enlarged and pushing the neighboring toes out of place.

Persons who have been photographed declare that they feel a minute prickling sensation, like a slight electric shock. Certain marks on some pictures have suggested the brush form of electricity, and Gifford has declared that he has found the true explanation. He says it has long been known that radiations from an ordinary induction coil strongly affect a sensitive plate, even when opaque substances are interposed. Years ago Philip Brabham showed the British Association that emanations from an electro-magnet act like light on a sensitive plate.

It has since been found that emanations from an ordinary electric bell will penetrate the opaque wrappings of sensitive plates and "tug" them.

A very remarkable photograph is shown by the Royal Photographic Society. It is a cancer. The remedy consists in frequent conduction of its luminosity and other features.

Prof. Neiser of Vienna is preparing to photograph the internal organs of a living man. He hopes it will not be long before he has succeeded in saving a great deal of physical pain.

London experiments thus far are much simpler. Foreign papers give scientific explanations of the mode of Roentgen's discovery, but they have not yet been translated. It is stated here that Crookes' tubes are obtainable at any chemical apparatus shop, but are not yet as common as the glass tubes, which, when from which the carbon filament has been removed, will answer just as well.

England has already adopted the new process and orders every hospital supplied with paraphernalia for aiding surgeons with the mysterious pictures. Bullets and bones of soldiers have already been located successfully in numerous instances in half the countries in what we used to call Europe. The most interesting success thus far is that recorded in news from Vienna that calcareous deposits in various parts of the human system have been marvelously exposed.

## ELOPED TO VINITA.

Columbia Boy and Girl Run Away and Are Married.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Jan. 31.—Anderson Anthony, a 17-year-old son of Lee Anderson, eloped with Miss Ethel Perkins, aged 15, to Vinita, I. T., where they were married before the ceremony could be prevented. The young couple had been separated for over two years and were engaged to be married, owing to their youth the parents objected to the match, and did all in their power to prevent it. The groom is Lee Anderson, one of the citizens of Columbia. The bride is the daughter of George Perkins, a well-known stockman.

Jupiter Coal.  
Has no equal. Telephone 1200.  
SYLVESTER COAL CO.

Ohio Lovers Elope.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 31.—James Marston, 19, son of the laundryman, and Ross, daughter of a wealthy brewer of Toledo, met at the Union Depot in this city Saturday night and became engaged. Marston had asked to marry Miss Jacob, but his father wished them to wait awhile and refused his consent. Accordingly, the young woman strolled away Saturday night, and they were made one as soon after reaching Chicago as possible.

A Handy Thing to Have Around.

The Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1898 has the most complete summary of information upon all subjects of interest to be found in any publication. It is the greatest of all encyclopedic annuals, and a manual of comprehensiveness as well as cheapness. It is practical, thorough, accurate and concise. 500 pages, 1,000 topics, 10,000 facts. Thirty pages devoted especially to St. Louis. Price 25 cents.

Put Up in Prize Packages.

CLAYTON, O., Jan. 31.—The will of Luther McCarthy, which was recently executed, is peculiar in that seventeen bequests to relatives are represented in as many prize-packages contained in the safe of the Savages, and the executors will furnish bonds, the heirs will repair to the bank and receive the packages, which are numbered and assigned. It is supposed that the court will not accept the will, if perhaps checks for sums of money. The testator died about three weeks ago. He was possessed of a very large fortune, the exact value of which is not known.

## IN THE WORLD OF BEAUTY

Cuticura  
SOAP  
IS SUPREME

Not only is it the most effective skin pacifying and beautifying soap in the world, but it is the most effective and most refreshing for toilet, bath, and nursery. It is so because it strikes at the cause of bad conditions, and cures them. It is the only soap in the world to VIT. THE CLOGGED, IRITATED, EXPLAINED, OVERWORKED, OR SLOGGIE FORM. Sold everywhere. Price, 1c. F. NEWARTH & SONS, King Street, Newcastle, London, E. G.

## HAMMOND'S STATEMENT.

Explanation of the Cause of His Arrest in the Transvaal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Senator John P. Jones has received the following message from John Hays Hammond, who is in jail at Pretoria, South Africa:

"I was arrested with sixty-four others, charged with sedition and high treason. The circumstances are as follows:

"The history of the Transvaal is that of a small, untrained, retrospective community. The government is a narrow oligarchy with a bad, inefficient administration. The most popular and prominent among the number of the governing class are the Boers, who are the wealth producing managers of all industries, yet they are not members of the legislature. They feel themselves alone, the mass of the people are excluded from franchises, have no municipal government, no participation for the children in the public schools, and no voice in affairs.

"The present government is an open question. We are oppressing taxed and badly treated. The independence of the Republic Court is completely controlled by the Legislature."

"The condition of affairs has prevailed for years. All petitions for redress of grievances and remissions of taxes have been rejected. The Boers have been treated with scorn in December the leading citizens of Johannesburg, including all the prominent American, constituted Reform Committee, have signed a manifesto of their demands, having first visited the Transvaal and sworn to maintain the services of the country while agitating the questions constitutional. While the Jameson Incident occurred, it was quite dissociated from the reform movement.

"The Government sent a committee to Johannesburg, asking the Reform Committee to send a deputation to Pretoria. The delegation went and conferred with the Government. No understanding was arrived at."

"The battle of Doornkop was fought. The Transvaal surrendered, and Johannesburg people were asked to lay down their arms, which was done on the understanding that their demands would be considered.

"The Government sent a committee to the Boers to demand that their demands be made solely to protect the lives of our women, children and property. The government agreed to this."

"The demands of the government were carried out without any demonstration of violence on our part. The Boers were promised an American and other numbering franchises, were arrested and prosecuted for sedition and treason under penalty involving imprisonment and conviction of property.

"The Boers are now in prison, and are being tried for sedition and treason.

"The detection of all the prisoners is unjustifiable, and the confiscation of property monstrous on the part of the Government. The demands of the Reform Committee were reasonable and based on primary principles of the republic."

"Protest against the treatment of all, and of the Americans in particular, by the Transvaal Government in its present course, our Government can only invoke the aid of Great Britain as the paramount South African power, and the moral support of a sister republic. This course the Transvaal would fear.

"We protest the unreasonableness of our claim, that were the Transvaal Government to invoke the aid of Great Britain, which is much disliked by the Transvaal Government.

Persons who have been photographed declare that they feel a minute prickling sensation, like a slight electric shock. Certain marks on some pictures have suggested the brush form of electricity, and Gifford has declared that he has found the true explanation. He says it has long been known that radiations from an ordinary induction coil strongly affect a sensitive plate, even when opaque substances are interposed.

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